

FALEX 400 Fuel Thermal Oxidation Test Machine

Operation and Maintenance Manual



VER 1.2 (1-1-13)

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Forward: Instructions–How to Use This Manual

This manual provides information and procedures to safely install, operate, and maintain the Falex 400 Thermal Oxidation Test Machine, in future referred to as Falex 400. For your own safety and protection from injury, carefully read, understand and observe the safety instructions described in this manual.

Keep this manual with the machine. If you lose this manual or need an additional copy, please contact Falex Corporation.

The information contained in this manual was based on machines in production at the time of publication. Falex Corporation reserves the right to change any portion of this information without notice.

This operation manual is divided into sections and addenda as listed in the "Table of Contents". Sections not relevant to this machine will have a page inserted stating so.

Safety Introduction

The following safety precautions are published for your information. This manual does not purport to detail all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with the equipment's use. It is the responsibility of the user of this equipment to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

This machine is built with user safety in mind; however, it can present hazards if improperly operated and serviced. Follow operating instructions carefully! If you have questions about operating or servicing this equipment, please contact Falex Corporation.

This equipment should only be operated by personnel trained by Falex or a Falex approved distributor.

This operation manual contains **HAZARD**, **WARNING**, and **CAUTION** callouts, which must be followed to reduce the possibility of personal injury, damage to the equipment, or improper service.

The Falex 400 must be electronically grounded. Do not change the grounding requirements of the instrument.

Machine Safety Labels and Manual Safety Callouts

The following are safety labels placed in areas on the test machine that may be hazardous to the operator. These same symbols may be used in the manual to bring attention to safety concerns. Please take caution and understand what these labels indicate before operating the test equipment.



HOT SURFACE HAZARD: This symbol indicates hot surface areas on the test machine. Use caution when working in these areas where components could be hot.



ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD: This symbol indicates hazardous voltage is present when opening the electrical cabinet. This unit is to be serviced by trained personnel only.



WEAR SAFETY GLOVES: This symbol indicates chemicals that may be hazardous to handle. Wear safety gloves.



WEAR BREATHING PROTECTION: This symbol indicates fumes that may be hazardous to inhale. Wear breathing protection.



WEAR EYE PROTECTION: This symbol indicates eye protection need during operation.



FLAMMABLE HAZARD: This symbol indicates the products used are flammable.



CAUTION OR WARNING SYMBOL: This symbol indicates a general warning or caution. A caution is important for protecting the equipment and performance. A warning is important to protecting yourself, others, and the equipment.

Falex 400 General Safety Warnings



Fuels and solvents are flammable and may cause irritation to the eyes or skin. Wear protective goggles and gloves; avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Use in well ventilated areas and keep away from heat or flame. Follow all Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS), ISO 9000, Lab Standard Operating Procedures (SOP), and related instructions. Failure to comply may result in personnel injury or death.



Desiccant may cause irritation to the eyes or skin. Wear protective goggles and gloves; avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Use in well ventilated areas and keep away from heat or flame. Follow all Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS), ISO 9000, Lab Standard Operating Procedures (SOP), and related instructions. Failure to comply may result in personnel injury or death.



The heater tube test section can reach high temperatures of 180–380 °C during a test based upon test configuration. Always place bus bar cover over the heater tube test area when running test to prevent contact with the test section. When the bus bar cover is removed, always assume the heater tube test section is hot and use caution when operating around this area.

1.1 Technical Specifications

Machine Weight: 150 pounds

Machine Footprint: $16\frac{3}{4}$ in wide x 2014 in deep x 30 in high Recommended Working Space: It is recommended that 12in be left on both sides and 6in at the back of the machine. This is to allow the Lexan cover to swing and access to the USB port. Include area needed for cleaning pan.

Machine Power: 120V/60Hz 220V/50/60Hz The F400 requires a dedicated service with a ground and a breaker sufficient to supply 10 amps to the 120V units and 5 amps for the 220V units.

1.2 Brief Description Of Equipment

The Falex 400 Fuel Thermal Oxidation Test Machine is designed to measure the high temperature stability of gas turbine fuels. It subjects the test fuel to conditions that occur within gas turbine engine fuel systems. It meets ASTM D3241, IP 323 and ISO 6249 standards. It is robust, reliable and compact. ASTM D3241 Thermal Oxidation Stability of Aviation Turbine Fuels requires a strict conformance for the jet fuel industry for this critical test. The Falex 400 matches results due to the critical equipment specification that controls the heater test section and test conditions.

The Falex 400 has been designed for years of operation, it provides traceability, long maintenance intervals, and reliable results.

Other features of the Falex 400:

- Automatic aeration and fuel sequence during an ASTM D3241 test
- Priming is simple with easy access and processor control

This machine utilizes Falex Heater Tube specimens. Falex certifies these tubes meet all of the ASTM D3241 requirements for dimensions, surface finish and material.

Falex has proven to meet the requirements of ASTM D3241 through participation and successful completion of an ASTM sanctioned equivalency program.

Falex Corporation does not guarantee any specific test results or desired functionality of this equipment outside of its intended usage.

1.3 Packing List

- 1. The following items are included in the package:
 - 1 Falex 400 Thermal Oxidation Stability Tester
 - 1 Start-Up Kit

Table 1: Start-Up Kit Contents

1 Package of 2	Pack of insulation bushings	400-018-003	Ф Ф
1	Bus Bar Drip Pan	400-021-006	
1 Package of 5	Charcoal filter	400-025-002	
1 Package of 2	Metal Pre-Filter screen	400-027-003	
1	Heater tube holder assembly	400-103-009	
1	Aeration line assembly	400-105-002	



Start-Up Kit continued

Quantity	Description	Part Number	Picture
1	Sample output line assembly	400-105-028	
1	Fuel heater tube holder input line assembly	400-105-004	
1	Fuel heater tube holder output line assembly	400-105-005	
1	Pre-Filter assembly	400-105-010	
1	Sample input line assembly	400-105-020	
1	Lead calibration holder with melted lead	400-108-004	
1	Falex 400 Manual CD	400-112-001	And the second s
1	DP calibration bottle	400-200-005	
1 Package of 12	Heater Tubes with DP filters and O-rings	400-560-001	Contract of Australian Sources

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Quantity	Description	Part Number	Picture
1 Package of 25	O-ring tubing	620-005-002	•
1 Package of 5	O-ring Pre-Filter	620-210-001	0
2	Beaker, 1000 ml	648-400-012	
1	Funnel, large	648-400-003	
1 Package of 100	Funnel filter papers	648-400-004	
1 Package of 25	Pre-Filter filter papers	648-400-005	\bigcirc
1	Cleaning brush	648-400-006	
1	Hex wrench	648-400-007	
1	Cleaning pan, stainless steel	648-400-008	
1	Ceramic insulator removal tool	648-400-009	

Start-Up Kit continued



Section 1: General Information

Start-Up Kit continued

Quantity	Description	Part Number	Picture
1	Tweezers	648-400-010	
1	Thermocouple - fuel sample	650-009-055	
1	Thermocouple - heater tube	650-009-064	ALL
1	Power cord	650-030-140 (120VAC) or 650-030-150 (220VAC)	
1	Pump priming syringe	650-049-021B	a B
1	Keyboard with Touchpad	650-204-048	
1	Stylus	650-204-065	
1	Quality Control Certificate of Inspection		Distantion Scholing Apparetus in an and in an an and in an

1.4 Getting To Know The Falex 400



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Figure 5 Sample Container Area Lines Note that the sample-in line is longer than the aeration line.





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2.1 Initial Setup

- Plug the Power Cord into the rear of the Falex 400. 1.
- 2. Plug the power cord (120V, 60Hz, 220V, 50/60Hz) into an appropriate outlet. Electrical source must have a good ground or an isolated power with ground.
- 3. Connect the keyboard to one of the USB ports on the back of the machine.
- 4. If the machine was shipped with a printer, the user interface is already configured for the printer. If the machine was not shipped with a printer and a printer is to be configured, refer to section 5.0 for printer configuration details.
- 5. Turn the unit on (by the rocker switch on the front of the unit) and allow to warm up for 15 minutes prior to use.
- 6. The Falex 400 is shipped with a charcoal filter located in the beaker stand. Remove the shipping filter by sliding the filter out of the opening on the left side of the beaker stand and replace with a new filter. It is recommended that this filter be replaced every 2 weeks to 1 month depending on usage. See section 6.1 for charcoal filter replacement instructions.

2.2 Sample Area And Fuel Preparation

Setup will take approximately 20 min.

1. Place a clean, empty glass beaker in the samplein position at the left of the sample container area. Connect the aeration line and the sample-in line to the appropriate fittings on the front panel [Figure 9]. Fittings should be finger tight. Place the aeration and sample-in lines into the glass beaker, letting end of



Figure 10 Thermocouple Storage





Figure 12 Funnel/Filter Setup

sample-in line rest on bottom of beaker. Plug in the sample thermocouple and place the thermocouple into the glass beaker.

NOTE: The sample thermocouple can be stored in the hole at the left of the beaker area when not in use [Figure 10].

- 2. Grasp the ring stand assembly and pull from the housing [Figure 11a]. After the ring stand assembly is fully extended from the housing, rotate to the right to lock into position [Figure 11b].
- 3. Place the funnel into the ring stand and place a clean filter paper into the funnel [Figure 12].





Figure 11a

Figure 9

Ring Stand Assembly

Sample-In Beaker Area



Ring Stand Assembly Figure 11b

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Figure 13 Filtering Fuel

Figure 14b O-ring Placement



Fuels and solvents are flammable and may cause irritation to the eyes or skin. Wear protective goggles, gloves, and an apron; avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Use in well ventilated areas and keep away from heat or flame. Follow all Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS), ISO 9000, Lab Standard Operating Procedures (SOP), and related instructions. Failure to comply may result in personnel injury or death.

4. Using the graduations on the side of a clean beaker, pour appropriate amount of fuel into the beaker per the method. A minimum of 500 ml may be used. Slowly add the fuel into the filter/ funnel until all the fuel has been placed into the filter [Figure 13]. Place the now empty beaker in the sample-out position at the right of the sample container area.

- Place an O-ring on the sample-out line. O-rings are required on all tubing lines except the aeration and sample-in lines. Place a clean small O-ring (650-005-002) at the end of each line before securing the line in place [Figure 14a and 14b]. Inspect the O-rings and replace if damaged or missing.
- 6. Connect the sample-out line to the appropriate fitting on the front panel [Figure 4].
- **7.** Once the fuel has been filtered, remove the filter and dispose of it according to local regulations.
- 8. Remove, clean, and store the funnel.
- Rotate the ring stand assembly to the left and store into the ring stand housing of test machine [Figure 11a].

2.3 Instrument And Test Configuration

NOTE: Before instrument setup, all components must be clean. If the components are not clean, review the Component Cleaning section [section 4.3]. A new heater tube, DP test filter and three O-rings are required for each test.

- 1. Retrieve a new heater tube kit from the box of specimens.
- 2. Carefully remove the new heater tube from the container. Wear gloves and handle the heater tube by the ends only. Do not touch the center section of the tube.
- **3.** Inspect the center section of the tube for scratches, unpolished areas, or other visual defects. Ensure the tube is not bent by rolling it on a flat surface. If the tube is bent or has other defects, discard that tube and retrieve another kit. It is advisable to write the tube number down as this number is a required entry value on the test configuration setup.
- 4. Assemble the test section. Insert the heater tube into the heater tube housing so that it is approximately in the center of the housing with

the riveted end down and the tube ID number closest to the DP filter housing. Secure the heater tube to the top of the heater tube housing using the lower insulator bushing with the flare facing end of tube, O-ring (supplied in the heater tube kit), upper insulator bushing, and hex nut [Figure 15]. Finger tighten loosely.

- **5.** Position the heater tube inside the housing by looking though the fuel discharge hole (DP filter housing) and centering the heater tube shoulder in the hole so that the shoulder is lined up with the center of the bypass line [Figure 16].
- 6. Secure the heater tube to the bottom of the heater tube housing using the lower insulator bushing with flare facing the end of the tube, O-ring (supplied in heater tube kit), upper insulator bushing, and hex nut. Finger tighten loosely.
- 7. Finger tighten the hex nuts on both ends of the heater tube housing firmly.

NOTICE: Overtightening will break the ceramic bushings and can cause leaks.





Figure 15 Heater Tube Installation Components

Heater Tube Position Figure 16

Section 2: Setup

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- 8. Using clean tweezers, install the DP filter supplied in the heater tube kit into the DP filter housing. Ensure the blue stripe is facing out. If the blue stripe is missing, then that filter has already been used so do not use it [Figure 17a]. A new DP filter must be used for each test. Place a new O-ring, supplied in the heater tube kit, on top of the DP filter and push into place [Figure 17b].
- **9.** Attach the large end of the fuel-out line to the DP filter housing [Figure 18]. Finger tighten.
- **10.** Inspect the O-rings on the fuel-out and bypass lines. Replace if missing or damaged.
- 11. Remove the right retaining screw of each bus bar cap using the hex wrench supplied. Loosen the left retaining screw of each bus bar cap using the hex tool, so that the cap is free to pivot on the screw [Figure 19]. To remove any fuel that may have seeped on to the bus bars, clean the bus bar contacts and bus bar caps, focusing on the portions that comes in contact with the heater tube.

Attach Fuel-Out Line Onto Assembled DP Housing



Figure 18

Assembled Test Section









Removing Right Bus Bar Screw and Loosening Left Screw



NOTE: The bus bar caps and contacts are a matched set. If the caps are completely removed from the contacts, match the number stamped on the inside of each cap to the number stamped on the end of the contact.

- **12.** Install the assembled test section into the sample test area [Figure 20]. Place the assembled test section in the groove between the bus bar contacts and bus bar caps serial number side up. Insert both right hand retaining screws and loosely finger tighten.
- **13.** Align the top of the heater tube so that it is flush with the top of the bus bar contact [Figure 21].
- **14.** When the test section is properly aligned, tighten the upper and lower bus bar screws with the hexagon wrench provided.
- **15.** Attach the fuel-out line to the DP- fitting and fuel bypass line to the DP+ fittings [Figure 22]. Finger tighten the fittings.



Figure 20

Inserting Test Section Installation



Figure 21 Tube Aligned With Top of Bus Bar



Figure 22

Fuel-Out and Fuel Bypass Lines

Section 2: Setup

- **16.** Begin assembling the pre-filter by placing the pre-filter O-ring on the lower housing [Figure 23].
- **17.** Place the pre-filter screen into the upper housing **[Figure 23]**.
- **18.** Using clean tweezers, remove a new pre-filter filter paper from the protective case and place onto the pre-filter screen.



NOTE: There are two blue paper spacers between each pre-filter filter paper. Do not use blue spacer paper. Use only the white pre-filter element. Use of the blue spacer paper will cause the test to fail.

- **19.** Place the lower housing onto the upper housing. Line up the screw holes on the upper and lower housings and insert the screws through the lower housing into the upper housings [Figure 23]. Finger tighten the screws with the hexagon wrench.
- **20.** Inspect the O-ring on the end of the pre-filter assembly. Replace the O-ring if missing or damaged.
- **21.** Connect the pre-filter assembly to the pre-filter bulkhead fitting and finger tighten [Figure 24].





Figure 24 Attaching the Pre-Filter Assembly

Section 2: Setup

- **22.** Attach the pre-filter assembly to the assembled test section using the fuel input line [Figure 25]. Inspect the O-rings on both ends of the sample line union. Replace if missing or damaged.
- 23. Finger tighten the fittings until snug.
- **24.** Plug in the heater tube thermocouple. Carefully insert the thermocouple tip into the hole on the top of the heater tube and lower until it stops. Rotate the thermocouple retaining clip to the left to lock the thermocouple into place [Figure 26a and 26b].

NOTE: The heater tube thermocouple can be stored in the hole found on the top right of the beaker stand to the left of the bus bar area when not in use.

- **25.** Check all of the fittings to ensure they are finger tight.
- **26.** Close the acrylic cover to the sample test area. Leaving the cover open will cause an alarm while a test is running.

If this is the initial setup or if the F400 has not been operated for 15 days, it is recommended that the automated Purge be run prior to any tests being performed on the unit. Refer to section 6.3.3.



Figure 25 Fuel Input Line to Assembled Test Section



Figure 26b Heater Tube Thermocouple and **Retaining Clip**



Figure 26a

Thermocouple Retaining Clip

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It is recommended that the user familiarize themself with the software by reading this section prior to using any portion of it.

3.1 Falex 400 Software Program

GENERAL NOTES: Various software screens have similar buttons which are discussed below.

HEADER: Each screen has a blue shaded header. The center of the header has the screen title with the date and time displayed underneath. The time is shown in standard or military format depending on the user preference. The headers right side may have an abort button or a home button. The home button returns to the Main screen while the abort button will end the current process. The '?' invokes the software version on the main screen [Figure 28]. The '?' invokes a reference for help on all other screens [Figure 27]. Lower right corner buttons: Usually there is a backward arrow, forward arrow or both [Figure 29]. The backward arrow directs the user to the previous screen and the forward arrow advances to the next screen. In many instances the forward arrow will not appear until certain conditions are met on the current screen (such as; mandatory test information entered, a button pushed, a temperature value reached).

Lower left corner buttons: Buttons in the lower left are for user assistance **[Figure 29]**. Various screens during a running test have a 'Status' button which activates a Status screen. The Status screen shows live feedback of critical test data and where that data is taken from.



About Falex F400
Software Versions
Controller:
Version: 2.6.7
Date: 22-June-2012
User Interface:
Version: 2.6.6
Date: 11-May-2012
ОК



Section 3: Software Operation



The 'Instructions' button pops up a window to help explain how the current procedure is run [Figure 30]. These instructions are basic and the user should refer to other sections in this manual for a more detailed explanation on that particular procedure. Some instructions may have multiple pages and the arrow in the lower right corner takes you to additional instructions. Press the 'Close' button to exit the instructions and return to the program.



Figure 30 Additional Page Arrow on Instruction Pages

Throughout various screens will be 'factory' buttons. 'Factory' buttons are solely for the use of authorized factory personnel and access to this area is protected.

3.2 Run Test



If this is the initial setup or if the unit has not been operated for 15 days it is recommended that the automated Purge be run prior to any tests being performed on the unit. Refer to section 6.3.3. The 'RUN TEST' menu allows users to choose various test types. The test data can be viewed, printed, and/or stored after a successful test completion.

1. Accessing the Test Type screen: On the MAIN screen press the 'Run Test' button [Figure 31]. If this button is not visible there will be a temperature bar in its place [Figure 32]. This bar shows the current heater tube thermocouple temperature and will not allow an operator to start a new test until the temperature drops below 40°C, at which time it is safe to remove the old heater tube and set up for a new test.



The heater tube test section is extremely hot and dangerous to handle during and after a test has completed or aborted. Keep the thermocouple in the heater tube after any test has completed or aborted until its temperature drops below 40°C. Once the temperature is below 40°C the unit is safe to handle.



Figure 32 Main

Main Screen Waiting For Heater Tube Temperature to Lower

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 Test Type Screen: This screen has the possibility of seven different test types to choose from [Figure 33]. The D3241 ASTM test is always active and the button cannot be deactivated. Single, Breakpoint 1 and the 4 Custom tests are activated from the 'Preference' screen.



- A. ASTM: A D3241 test commences following the mandatory test information entry. This test is 150 minutes with a flow rate of 3ml/minute. These values cannot be altered. The temperature defaults to the value set under 'Preferences' and can only be altered through the 'Preferences' screen.
- B. **Single tests:** This selection allows the operator to set parameters for test duration, flow rate and test temperature for one run. The parameters entered are not stored.
- C. BreakPoint 1: Breakpoint 1 runs a series of automated tests, sequencing from the visual tube reading numeric value only. All tests run 150 minutes. Configuration allows for the operator to choose the initial control temperature (between 180-380°C) for the series of tests. The operator enters a tube rating value for each test in the series and the program automatically sets up the parameters for the next test. Each subsequent test will automatically increment 10°C if the entered tube reading is <3 (0-2). There is one exception to the automated temperature increase and that is on the second run. The operator is given the chance to reenter his starting temperature to a higher value if he feels the initial temperature setting was too low. Once a reading of 3 or greater, a peacock [P], or abnormal [A] rating is entered, the final test in the series is initiated at a temperature of 5°C below the previous run. All results are compiled into a single data file.

<3, 3, <4, 4, and [A] abnormal or [P] peacock are accepted for the breakpoint tube reading.

- D. **Custom buttons 1-4:** Custom 1-4 buttons allow the user to store both the test header information and the test parameters as a unique test name. This information is retained with the button selection until it is overwritten. Selecting a test type will advance to the respective configuration screen
- 3. Configuration Screens: All test types require configuration prior to starting. Data File Root Name, Lab, Operator, Tube ID Fuel Type and Fuel ID fields can be entered by the operator, however tube ID and the Fuel ID must be entered before the configuration screen will display a forward arrow allowing program advancement [Figure 34]. Some test configurations allow for entry of test duration, flow rate and test temperature. All four custom configuration screens have one additional entry field for the button name. Information entered in the Configuration screens is considered the header for the generated data files and will appear on both the printed report and the electronic file. The back arrow at the bottom right returns to the 'Test Type' screen. The forward arrow on the bottom right will only appear once the mandatory configuration information has been entered. The Instructions button on the lower left opens a window with generic instructions for setting up and running a test. Please refer to the method for specific instructions.



Figure 34

ASTM Configuration Screen



Figure 35: Single Configuration

FALE F400 Brea	akpoint Co 02/28/2017	onfiguration 3:10:12 PM	?
Data File Root Name :	Data	(max 8 chars)	
Lab :			
Operator :			
Tube ID :			
Fuel Type :			
Fuel ID :			
Test Temp, C :	260.0	(180 - 380 C)	
Duration, min :	150 min		
Flow Rate, ml/min :	3	(2-9 ml/min)	
			mandatory entry
Instructions			

Figure 36: Breakpoint Configuration



Figure 37: Custom Configuration



Figure 38: Aeration Screen

- A. Data File Root Name: The Data File Root Name can be entered (maximum of 8 characters) or left with the default value. Every time any configuration screen is entered the Data File Root Name is Data. This can be overwritten. Every test run has a sequential number added to the root name. Once any combination of 99 tests are run, the sequential number resets to 01.
- B. Lab: A lab name may be entered up to 29 characters in length.
- C. **Operator:** An operator name may be entered up to 29 characters in length.
- D. **Tube ID:** A Tube ID entry is a mandatory entry. The value can not exceed 15 characters. The Tube ID number can be found on the specimen tube.
- E. **Fuel Type:** A Fuel Type may be up to 29 characters in length.
- F. **Fuel ID:** A Fuel ID entry is required. It may be up to 15 characters in length.
- G. Test Temperature, C: Enter a temperature. The test will control the temperature of tube between 100-380°C. Single and Custom test configurations allow this to be an operator entry, Breakpoint min temperature is 180°C. But on ASTM tests this is a fixed value.
- H. Duration, min: Enter a time for the test duration between 4-600 minutes. The timer begins once the unit has reached the temperature set point. Single and Custom configurations allow this to be an operator entry but is a fixed value in both ASTM and Breakpoint tests.
- Flow Rate, ml/min: Enter a pump flow rate between 1.00-9.99 ml/minute. Single, Breakpoint and Custom configurations allow this to be an operator entry but it is a fixed value for an ASTM test.

4. **Aeration Screen:** Proceeding from the Configuration screen the Aeration screen appears [Figure 38]. The user has the choice to start aeration or skip aeration.

Section 3: Software Operation

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NOTE: According to D3241 aeration must take place within 1 hour prior to heating the sample. If the operator chooses to skip aeration a warning box will appear reminding of the 1 hour requirement.



Be sure to properly assemble the Falex 400 before proceeding.

Begin the aeration process by pressing the 'Start' button. An aeration timer begins counting the 6 minutes that the aeration pump is on. Bubbles will appear in the sample beaker from the aeration line filter. Aeration rate is at about 1.5 L/minute when the ball is set in the middle of the green area on the aeration flow meter on the front of the unit. Adjust the flow meter as required [Figure 39]. During aeration, the sample temperature should be held between 15-32°C and the aeration humidity to no greater than 21%. Should the sample temperature or humidity be outside of this range the test will abort. The current values for temperature and humidity appear in the center Data box on the screen. The Digital Points then displays status within the system during aeration. The 'Status' button in the lower left corner opens a pictorial screen of the F400 showing live values of critical measurements [Figure 40].

5. The test will automatically begin after the 6-minute fuel aeration. As the sample is being aerated, the previous runs fuel is purged from all lines and valves.





Figure 40 Status Screen

- **6.** During the aeration, inspect all fittings in the sample test area for leaks.
- 7. If leaks are found, re-tighten using fingers only.
- 8. Test Screens: These screens remain open the duration of a test. The Pressure box in the lower right indicates the system pressure and the DP value. Tests run at 3.45MPa+/- 10%. Once system pressure is reached the heater will commence. It is recommended that the operator watch for leaks during this pressurization. When leaks are visible, abort the test, tighten all fittings and restart the test. Should the unit not reach required pressure within 180 seconds the system will abort. After the required pressure is reached the heater tube temperature will increase. A system abort will automatically happen if the heater tube temperature set point is not reached within 300 seconds after the 3.45MPa pressure is reached. Likewise, if the temperature is not held within two degrees of the set point a system abort will be triggered. When the set point temperature is reached (Indicated in the Temperature box on the right) the test run timer starts.
- 9. The bus bars are cooled once heating of the tube begins. The coolant flow meter should be adjusted to 10 gal/hr flow (middle of the green area) [Figure 39]. The bar at the bottom of the screen gives graphical feedback of the test run time [Figure 41a]. The "+" button on the top right will open a graph with the DP, system pressure and heater tube temperature overlapping [Figure 41b].

Section 3: Software Operation







Figure 41b System pressure and heater tube temperature

10. Test Completion: Tests either complete or they fail due to operator aborts, failure to meet or maintain operational requirements such as pressure loss, failure to maintain temperature or excessive bus bar temperature. Following test completion or failure, a safety screen appears halting program advancement until a safe handling temperature is reached at the heater tube thermocouple [Figure 42]. The Tube Temperature timer bar will disappear from the Test Complete screen when the unit has reached a safe temperature to proceed.



The heater tube test section is extremely hot and dangerous to handle after a test has completed or aborted. Keep the thermocouple in the heater tube after any test has completed or aborted until its temperature drops below 40°C. Once the temperature is below 40°C the unit is safe to handle.



Figure 42 Test Completion Screen Waiting For Tube Temperature To Cool

A. Tube Rating: Upon a successful test completion, a tube rating screen appears following the cool down. Follow the heater tube disassembly procedure (Section 4) to prepare the tube for rating. The operator must enter a value for the tube rating (pumped fuel volume optional) [Figure 43]. All entries are stored in the data file. The tube rating is derived from placing the specimen tube in the Falex 420 Tube Rater and comparing it to the ASTM D3241 color comparison standard supplied with the Tube Rater. The Falex 420 Tube Rater is specifically designed to meet ASTM D3241 for tube rating. Any characters can be entered for a tube rating. However, it is recommended that the individual test method for procedure and instructions on how to rate a tube be used (ASTM D3241).



Figure 43 Tube Rating Screen

B. Aborted Tests: A test is terminated by the operator pressing any abort button during a test or from the test itself failing to reach defined parameters. Refer to the Alarm section of this manual to see which alarms cause an immediate test termination and which alarms initiate only a warning message.

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3.3 Data

Data: The 'Data' screen is accessed from the 'Main' screen **[Figure 44]** or it will automatically appear at the completion of a successful test. The 'Data' menu allows the user to retrieve the data file from the last test whether successfully completed or not.

NOTE: If the Falex 400 has had a power cycle since the last test, data transfer cannot be performed.

The name of the last test run is on the top line on this screen. This is the file that the first three buttons refer to **[Figure 45]**. The user can view the test data on the touch screen, transfer the data from the PLC storage onto the computer, print this report and/or copy files from the touch screen to a USB device or Ethernet connection. Complete data records of DP mmHg, heater tube temperature and system pressure are taken every minute during a test and are stored in the data file. To retrieve the data file the operator needs to 'Transfer' the data file and then 'Copy' the file to an external device. Data files are saved in .csv format and can be viewed using appropriate software.

1. View: This initiates a display of the printout information from the last run test. There are two screens. The first 'View Data –General' screen displays test information on the test [Figure 46]. Press the forward arrow to advance to the "View Data-Pressure" screen to see the DP readings taken every 30 minutes during the test [Figure 47].

P.1		
Palex Jet Pa	el Oxidation Test	
	Test Time Target	
	Test Tene Advail	
	TIC Calibration Data	
	Flow Rule :	
	Temperature Selport	
	MarDP:	
	Sample Temp 00:10	
	Sample Teing 05:50	
	Time to 25 minety	
	Tube Rating	
	DP Calibration Date	
	Average CP	
min	flys Press Calibration Date:	
		_
	-	-
	-	Then Time Target The Time Advant Tic Calibration Date Tic Calibration Date New Yan Despective Sample Time 0.0 11 Sample Time 0.0 11 Discussion Date New Yang Calibration Date

Figure 46

Viewing Data Page 1 - Test Information

10	F 400	Main 7	F400	View Data	- Pressure
Access	Ryn Teet Date Technologie References	Norgenaria (Master Tatos anna Bas Bar anna Saragin anna Master anna		Fatex Jot Face Bustlens 0 min : 40 min : 10 min : 1	t Outstation Test
	Figure 44 H	ow To Access est Data	Figure 47	View Page	ving Data e 2 - DP Values



2. Transfer: After a test completion, this button MUST be selected to move the test data to the computer. Upon transfer, data files reside in the "Data" folder under the root directory (F400 (C:)). An acknowledgement window appears upon successful data transfer [Figure 48]. Do not proceed until this acknowledgement appears.



NOTE: The current test data will be lost at the start of the next test if this 'Transfer' button is not pressed or when the F400's power is cycled. The computer has limited hard drive space and it is recommended that the user regularly perform file maintenance on the "Data" folder.

- **3. Print:** Pressing the print button sends the data file to the installed printer. An internal message appears while the data transfer is in process and will close automatically. Refer to 'Addendum B' for a sample data file printout. Falex recommends using the printer sold by Falex as the drivers are installed and ready for use upon power up. Should a different printer be used refer to the 'Preference' section of this manual to install a printer.
- 4. Copy: 'Copy' opens Windows Explorer. Navigate to the "Data" folder under the root directory (400 (C:)). This folder contains all the data files that have been transferred. Close Windows Explorer when copying is complete. For copying to external devices there are three USB ports and one Ethernet port located on the 400. Two USB ports and the Ethernet port are on the convenience outlet on the back panel. One USB port is located on the front of the unit directly above and to the right of the drierite window.



NOTE: Do not delete or rename the Data folder or data transfer will not occur and test data information will be lost.





Figure 48 File Transfer Message



Fuels and solvents are flammable and may cause irritation to the eyes or skin. Wear protective goggles, gloves, and an apron; avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Use in well ventilated areas and keep away from heat or flame. Follow all Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS), ISO 9000, Lab Standard Operating Procedures (SOP), and related instructions. Failure to comply may result in personnel injury or death.



The heater tube test section can reach high tem-peratures of 100–380 °C during operation. Always place bus bar cover over the heater tube test area when running test to prevent contact with the test section. When the bus bar cover is removed, al-ways assume the heater tube test section is hot and use caution when operating around this area.

4.1 Unit Disassembly

- **1.** Position a waste solvent container as needed to catch solvent during the component cleaning.
- The heater tube must be removed and rated. Allow the heater tube assembly to cool for 15 minutes before continuing.
- **3.** Lift and rotate the heater tube thermocouple retaining clip off the thermocouple and carefully remove the thermocouple tip from the hole on the top of the heater tube taking care not to bend the thermocouple.
- **4.** Wipe down the thermocouple using a germicidal wipe.
- **5.** Remove the fuel-out line from the DP- fitting and the fuel bypass lines from the DP+ fittings.
- **6.** Remove the prefilter assembly from the cabinet bulkhead.
- 7. Remove the right upper and lower bus bar screws with the hex wrench provided [Figure 49].
- 8. Loosen the left hand screws on the upper and lower bus bars but do not remove [Figure 49].

- 9. Remove the test section assembly.
- **10.** Remove the fuel-out line (J-line) from the heater tube housing and place in the pan provided.

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- **11.** Remove the O-ring and the DP filter from the DP filter housing using the extraction tool provided. Discard the used O-ring and the DP filter.
- **12.** Remove the hex nuts and the upper insulator bushings from both sides of the heater tube housing and place them in the pan provided. Remove and discard the O-rings.
- **13.** Remove the lower insulator bushings from both sides of the heater tube and the heater tube housing and place them in the pan provided.
- 14. Carefully slide the heater tube out of the housing.

NOTE: Lower insulator bushings may come out of the heater tube housing while removing the heater tube or they may stay in the heater tube housing. Take care not to lose them.

- **15.** Rinse the heater tube with Iso-Octane and allow the solvent to evaporate. Place the heater tube back in the original plastic container and cap until you are ready to rate the tube.
- **16.** Rate the tube using an approved method and record value on screen.



Figure 49 R

Removal of the Test Section

Section 4: Disassembly and Component Cleaning

4.2 Continued Unit Disassembly

- **17.** Use the hex wrench to remove the three screws in the pre-filter assembly.
- **18.** Disassemble the pre-filter. Remove and discard the white pre-filter element. Place the remaining components of the pre-filter assembly into the provided pan. The pre-filter O-ring is reusable after proper cleaning.
- **19.** Open the cover from the sample container area.
- **20.** Remove the aeration line and the sample-in line and place them in the pan provided.
- **21.** Remove the fuel thermocouple from the beaker and wipe down.
- **22.** Remove the sample-in and sample-out glass beakers.
- **23.** Dispose of fuel appropriately according to local regulations.

4.3 Component Cleaning

NOTE: The heater tube housing is the only component to be cleaned with Tri-Solvent.

- **1.** Brush the inside of the heater tube housing with the provided cleaning brush and Tri-Solvent.
- Inspect the inner surfaces of the heater tube housing for cleanliness and repeat step 1 if needed.
- **3.** Rinse with Iso-Octane and dry using compressed air.
- **4.** Use a wash bottle filled with Iso-Octane to flush/ rinse all components in the pan and dry using compressed air. Make certain all fuel has been removed from all components.

Section 5: Software Preferences

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5.0 Software Preferences

The Preferences menu allows authorized users to set up which test types can be run, the default ASTM D3241 test temperature, date/time display options (military or standard time), and exit to Windows to install printer drivers. Only authorized users should be given the password to the Preference section.

 Accessing the Preferences screen: On the MAIN screen press the 'Preferences' button [Figure 50]. A pop-up box will appear on the screen asking for a password. Enter the password and press OK to continue.



2. Preferences Screen: After the password is entered, the Preference screen appears [Figure 51]. There are four areas to this screen. First there is the 'Test Selection' section to the left-hand side of the screen containing seven test types, a 'Time' section containing selections for the date/time format, an 'Install Printer' button for access to the Windows Control Panel for adding additional printers, and a value box labeled 'ASTM Temp, C:' to set the stored ASTM test temperature.



Figure 51 Preferences Screen

A. **Test Selection:** This section is on the lefthand side of the screen containing six boxes with respective titles on their right. Clicking on these boxes will put an 'X' in the box and activate the different test buttons available on the TEST TYPE screen. To deactivate a test type, click the boxes once more so that the 'X' disappears from the box.

A 'Single' test allows the user to enter all the test header information and all the test parameters. A single test runs one test with these parameters. They are not saved when the machine's power is cycled.

'Breakpoint1' follows the breakpoint method described inn ASTM D3241. It is based only on the VTR (visual tube reader) integer value entered at the completion of each test section.

There are four custom tests the user can choose. Each 'Custom' test allows the user to enter all the test header information and the test parameters. Once they are entered, they are stored in the unit.

B. **Time:** On the right-hand side of the Preferences screen, there is a box labeled 'Time.' In this box, there are two buttons 'Mil' and 'Std.' These stand for 'Military' and 'Standard' time respectively and will change the format of the time display on the machine.

Section 5: Software Preferences

C. Install Printer: Pressing the 'Install Printer' button will initate the Windows Control Panel. Select the 'Printers and Faxes' icon in the Windows Control Panel and then select 'Add Printer'. Users can install a printer driver from a flash drive or a portable USB disk drive. Note: An HP Printer was set up on ths instrument before shipment, contact your Falex Representative for more details.

NOTE: Falex does not guarantee the use of any printer with its software other than the one shipped with the unit.

D. Set PC Time: This button takes you out to Windows Control Panel that allows you to navigate to 'Date & Time'. Once you set the correct date and time, return to the Main screen. Select the 'Run Test' button, when the 'Run Test' screen opens the HMI date and time will update.

Note: If you have a USB keyboard attached to the instrument, press the 'Windows' key to open the Task Bar. Change the Date & Time by accessing it from the lower right area.

E. **ASTM Temperature:** This is where a default test temperature can be stored for all ASTM tests. For instance, some specifications require 270°C rather than the default value of 260°C.

6.1 Charcoal Filter Replacement



To prevent equipment contamination, the charcoal filter must be changed monthly. Failure to follow this warning may result in damage to equipment.

- **1.** Ensure the Falex 400 is not performing a test.
- **2.** Open the beaker cover by tilting it out towards you.
- **3.** Slide the used charcoal filter out of the slot on the left side of the beaker stand [Figure 52].
- 4. Properly dispose of the charcoal filter.
- **5.** Slide a new charcoal filter into the slot on the left side of the beaker stand.





Charcoal Filter

6.2 Desiccant Cartridge Replacement



Desiccant may cause irritation to the eyes or skin. Wear protective goggles, gloves, and an apron; avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Use in well ventilated areas and keep away from heat or flame. Follow all Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS), ISO 9000, Lab Standard Operating Procedures (SOP), and related instructions. Failure to comply may result in personnel injury or death.

Desiccant Cover



Figure 53

Desiccant Cartridge Location



DO NOT use the ethernet port inside the desiccant chamber area. It is for use by Falex technicians only.

- 1. Change the desiccant cartridge when 75–90% most of the desiccant granules turn from blue to pink.
- Be sure the Falex 400 is powered off. Locate the desiccant cover on the front of the Falex 400 [Figure 53].
- **3.** While holding the desiccant cover in place, use a flat-tipped screwdriver to loosen six flathead screws until the cover can be removed [Figure 54]. These screws are captivated and will not come apart from the cover.





- 4. Grasp the desiccant cartridge with one hand and pull the desiccant cartridge straight out of the machine. If rubber bushings are attached to desiccant filter, remove and replace in machine [Figure 55]. Properly dispose of used desiccant cartridge.
- 5. Obtain a new desiccant cartridge [Figure 56].
- 6. Align the new desiccant cartridge with the desiccant cartridge inlet/outlet ports. Push the desiccant cartridge straight into the F400 desiccant housing until the cartridge snaps into the retainer clips.
- 7. Power on the machine, and proceed to maintenance screen. Push the aeration button. Verify the humidity level is dropping. If it is not, the desiccant is not seated correctly in the rubber bushing. Remove desiccant cartridge, reposition rubber bushing and reinstall cartridge.
- **8.** Once the cartridge is properly installed. Replace desiccant cover and install six screws to secure.





Desiccant Cartridge



Figure 55 Desiccant Cartridge Housing

6.3.1 Prime Pump

6.3 Pump Maintenance



Fuels and solvents are flammable and may cause irritation to the eyes or skin. Wear protective goggles, gloves, and an apron; avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Use in well ventilated areas and keep away from heat or flame. Follow all Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS), ISO 9000, Lab Standard Operating Procedures (SOP), and related instructions. Failure to comply may result in personnel injury or death.

Air in the lines is indicated by visible air pockets in the sample output line, the lack of fuel being expelled; or the lack of a steady stream of fuel expelled through the sample-out line while the pump is running (assuming fluid is in the sample beaker and the supply in line is properly installed). It is recommended the first attempt to free the system of air is to run the automated 'Prime'. If after running the 'Prime' for 2-3 minutes and a steady fluid flow is not achieved, the automated 'Purge' should be used. Should the 'Purge' not produce a steady flow the manual prime pump method can be used. Access the automated methods through the maintenance software screen. The 'Maintenance' screen is accessed from the 'Main' screen [Figure 57].



Watch the fuel flow into the outlet beaker. When a steady stream is reached (no air in the line) the priming is successful. Should air pockets still be visible in the lines, proceed to the purge sequence. If the prime pump did remove all air pockets, dispose of the fuel properly and begin testing.

Select the Prime Pump button on the maintenance screen

[Figure 58]. Before beginning the Prime Pump operation be sure the sample beaker has plenty of fluid, 250 ml allows for 15 minutes of priming. Attach the sample-in line properly, placing the filter end into the beaker. Attach the sample-out line and be sure there is a beaker under the properly attached sample-out line. Pressing the Start button begins an automated prime pump se-







Maintenance Screen





Prime Pump Screen

6.3.2 Priming Pump

6.3.2.1 Manual Method

Although not the recommended method, the pump and lines may be primed manually.

- 1. Open the sliding door in front of the pump by gently pressing the black handle in and sliding the door to the left [Figure 60].
- 2. Place a towel under the two pump heads.
- **3.** On the main screen, select the MAINTENANCE button.

- **4.** On the Maintenance screen, select PRIME PUMP button.
- **5.** Press the PRIME button.
- 6. Insert an empty, plastic 10 ml syringe into the pump priming port at the center of the black priming port knob [Figure 61]. Rotate black priming port knob counterclockwise and suction fuel out of the pump priming port by pulling in the syringe plunger. Allow 6–8 ml fuel to fill syringe. Close the black priming port knob by turning clockwise. Remove the syringe from the black priming port knob and dispose of fuel appropriately.



6.3.3 Purge

The Purge cycle should be performed the first time the Falex 400 is started, whenever the unit has sat unused for 15 days or more or whenever there is air in the lines and the prime pump sequence failed to remove all the air.

Select the Purge button from the maintenance screen **[Figure 58]**. Before beginning the Purge Pump operation, be sure the sample beaker has at least 400 ml fluid and attach the sample-in line properly, placing the filter end into the beaker. Be sure there is a beaker under the properly attached sample-out line. Pressing the Start button begins an automated prime pump sequence that cannot be stopped once started **[Figure 62]**. It's purpose is to flush every line in the system with new fuel and expel any air pockets. The purge sequence runs 21 minutes. Valves are open and closed in sequence as can be seen by the lighted Digital Points. The pump is adjusted to a flow rate of 9 ml/minute. The Status bar returns feedback of the purge sequence and the timer bar gives feedback on how much time is remaining.

Following a successful purge, all air should be removed from the lines. Dispose of used fuel properly and begin tests.



Figure 62 Purge Screen

Calibrations should be preformed regularly on the 400 in accordance with the method. Refer to each method for it is required calibration schedule. Calibrations should be performed on the heater tube thermocouple, the differential pressure transducer and the system pressure.

'Thermocouple' allows for a calibration of the temperature control system using ice and the eutectic temperature of lead to calibrate the heater tube thermocouple. The differential pressure is the measurement across the DP test filter. Excessive differential pressure (DP) is an indication of poor fuel quality. 'Diff Press' provides a calibration of the differential pressure transducer. 'Sys Press' allows for adjustment of the pressure measurement against a NIST certified reference pressure gauge.



Figure 63

7.1 Thermocouple

The auto calibration performs a calibration of the heater tube thermocouple by a 'low' calibration check using an ice bath and a 'high' calibration procedure using the lead calibration assembly. It is critical that the following steps be followed carefully. Failure to have the thermocouple in the correct position during each step can cause the unit to continue to apply heat to the bus bars or fail to heat the bus bars. **Should a step not complete as documented within seven minutes of initiation, shut the unit off** from the power switch on the front, allow the unit to cool for a minimum of 20 minutes before restoring power and re-initiating calibration.

 [Figure 63] From the Main Menu, go to the Maintenance > Calibrate > Thermocouple display. This will reset the previous calibration factors to the default values (0 °C factor = 0 and 327.5 °C factor = 327.5). It will also call up the 'Thermocouple Calibration Lo Check' display.

7.1.1 Thermal Calibration Lo Check

- 1. Prepare a low temperature standard, from an ice bath of distilled water and crushed distilled water ice (an insulated cup works best).
- 2. Place the heater tube thermocouple in the ice bath.
- **3.** Stir the thermocouple in the bath watching the tube temperature on the display [Figure 64].
- 4. Continue stirring until the tube temperature no longer drops and holds constant for 20–30 seconds. Press the 'Accept' button. This will store the observed low temperature and will initiate the Thermocouple Hi Check display. The thermocouple reading should be accepted if the displayed value is 0.1°C ±2°C. Should the thermocouple not reach this value, verify the ice bath is not contaminated. If it still will not reach an acceptable value, replace the thermocouple.



Figure 64 Thermocouple Lo Check Screen

7.1.2 Thermocouple Calibration Hi Check

1. Install the lead calibration check assembly in the upper/lower bus bars. Make sure the top of the assembly is flush with the top of the upper bus bar and that the bus bar screws are tight.



Manual insertion and removal of the thermocouple is required during the Hi Check. Care should be taken during all steps as the bus bars are extremely hot and can carry high current. Only insert and remove the thermocouple by the insulated leads.

2. Insert the heater tube thermocouple through the top bus bar into the assembly so that the thermocouple is in contact with the lead.

- **3.** Push the 'Start' button to begin the heat cycle that will raise the lead assembly temperature to 350 °C. Once pushed, the 'Heat' button will disappear.
- 4. The lead temperature will begin to rise. The thermocouple must maintain contact with the lead. An occasional light pressure on the top of the thermocouple wires may be required. Once the temperature is above 327.5 °C, the lead will melt down into the fixture cup. Make sure that the thermocouple remains in contact with the lead by pushing it down to the lowest position with the tip centered in the cup (do not let thermocouple touch the sides of the lead cup).

The Following steps are automated:

- Once the temperature is above 340 °C for 1 minute (to allow the lead temperature to equalize), the cooling sequence will be initiated so that the eutectic temperature can be detected.
- 6. The system will attempt to automatically detect the eutectic temperature of the lead by lowering the temperature below 327.5 °C to a value of 310 °C. When the temperature reaches 310 °C, a popup display will appear. It will inform the operator if the eutectic temperature detection was successfully detected or if it failed. If it was successful, the temperature detected will be displayed and the date it was detected and stored will be displayed. The stored low temperature point from step 5 and the eutectic temperature will be moved to the thermocouple calibration factors until the next time an auto calibration is initiated.
- 7. If the eutectic temperature was successfully detected, push the 'OK' button on the popup display. This will cause the popup to disappear. The temperature will increase to melt the lead for thermocouple removal. A message is displayed notifying the operator to remove the thermocouple from the lead once the temperature reaches >330 °C. A one minute timer is started to allow thermocouple removal.
- 8. Once the one minute timer has completed or the thermocouple has been removed, heating is stopped. The operator must remove the thermocouple from the lead at this time and clean the thermocouple with a cloth to remove any residual lead on the thermocouple. Dispose of the cloth properly. Wear appropriate gloves when handling the hot thermocouple with possible lead residue.
- **9.** An eight minute timer is initiated to allow for the lead cup assembly to cool. Once the eight minutes has been completed, the cooling is stopped.

- 10. If the eutectic temperature capture was not successfully detected, a popup message will display a failure and abort the calibration procedure. It is suggested that the test be repeated to confirm that the thermocouple is defective. Push the 'OK' button on the popup display for a one minute heating cycle to begin to allow for thermocouple removal (as described in step 7). Remove the thermocouple and inspect it for damage. Allow the lead calibration check assembly to cool. Repeat the calibration.
- **11.** If the thermocouple fails to capture a satisfactory eutectic temperature detection again, it should be replaced. The new thermocouple should be calibrated.



Figure 67

Thermocouple Hi Check Screen

7.2 Differential Pressure

- **1.** Falex 400 must be on for at least 30 minutes before following this procedure.
- 2. Fill the calibration bottle ³/₄ full with fuel.
- **3.** Be sure the sample out line is in place and empties into a beaker. The aeration and sample in lines can remain in place or they can be closed by attaching nuts to the bulkhead fittings.
- 4. The heater tube and prefilter assemblies are not used for this calibration and need to be removed. Place a nut over the bulkhead where the prefilter assembly attaches to the unit. Cap the DP+ bulkhead but leave the DP- port open.
- Get to the DP Calibration screen from the Main screen by the following sequence of buttons: Maintenance > Calibration > Diff Press.
- **6.** Upon entering the DP Calibration screen, press START.

Section 7: Calibration

- 7. Open the Bypass valve by pushing the Bypass Valve button on the screen until it appears green.
- 8. Close the System Vent by pushing the System Vent button on the screen until it appears red.
- **9.** Attach the calibration bottle to the DP- port on the Falex 400.
- **10.** Set and leave the bottle on the top of the machine.
- **11.** Open the DP- Vent on the screen by pressing the DP- button until it turns green.
- **12.** Wait until the DP value on the screen holds steady (approximately 50 ml have run out of the bottle and into the outlet beaker).
- **13.** Close the Bypass Valve on the screen by pressing the Bypass Valve button until it turns red.
- **14.** Close the DP- vent on the screen by pressing the DP- button until it turns red.
- **15.** Leave the bottle on top of the Falex 400.
- **16.** Remove the nut from the DP+ port and set it aside.
- **17.** Disconnect the bottle from the DP- port and attach the bottle to the DP+ port. DO NOT CAP THE DP- PORT.
- **18.** Open the DP+ vent on the screen by pressing the DP+ button turning it green.
- **19.** Wait until the DP value on the screen holds steady (approximately 50 ml have run out of the bottle and into the outlet beaker) [Figure 68].
- **20.** Close the DP+ vent by pushing the button on the screen turning it red.
- **21.** Bring the bottle down from the top of the machine and align the fluid level in the bottle with the center of the DP+ port alignment line.
- **22.** Hold the DP calibration bottle steady so the fluid level is level. Hold the bottle in this position for about 1-5 minutes until the DP value on the graph remains constant.
- **23.** Press the Zero button on the screen without moving the bottle. The Zero offset value on the screen should now show 0 and show the today's date.
- 24. Raise the fluid level in the bottle to the 400mm DP calibration high alignment line on the machine front (near the top right of the Drierite cover).
- **25.** The DP reading on the graph should be 25mmHG +/- 2.5.
- **26.** The fluid bottle may now be set down on the bench top.

- **27.** Press the Done button on the screen.
- **28.** Return to the Main screen.
- **29.** Attach nuts to the DP+ and DP- bulkheads or reattach the heater tube assembly. Leaving the bulkhead fitting open to atmosphere will cause fuel to drain from the unit which may cause pump damage if the unit is run without proper priming and purging.





DP Calibration Screen

7.3 System Pressure

This calibration is to be factory trained personnel only.

7.4 Factors

'Factors' displays the most recent values and date for the last calibration of the heater tube thermocouple, differential pressure and system pressure [Figure 69].



Figure 69

Calibration Factors Screen

8.1 Software Accessible Service

Obtaining manual access to machines functionalities is done through the 'Service' screen accessed from the maintenance screen [Figure 70]. The user has access to various controls so operation should only be undertaken by someone with understanding of the system.

- 1. I/O & Vars: [Figure 71] Manual operation of different controls can be accessed by pressing the large green or red buttons under Digital Points. The HPLC pump can manually be set to flow at either 3 or 9 ml/min for this service screen. Live feedback is shown in the Data section of this screen.
- 2. Close DP Neg: Pressing this button manually operates the DP negative valve. This button is not interlocked with the bypass valve and should be used only if the operator has an understanding of the system as not to damage the pressure transducer.



Figure 70 Service Screen Reached From The Maintenance Screen



Figure 71

I/O & Variable Screen

- 3. Close DP Pos: Pressing this button manually operates the DP positive valve. This button is not interlocked with the bypass valve and should be used only if the operator has an understanding of the system as not to damage the pressure transducer.
- **4. Factory:** This is a protected area for the authorized users only.

8.2 Alarm Log

[Figure 72] Pressing the alarm log button displays the last 25 warnings and abort alarms.

8.3 Fault Indicators

On the front of the Falex 400 are 17 indicator lights. If a fuse trips an indicator light will be visible with the description of the problem area. Cycle the power on the unit and restart the procedure that caused the fault. The fuse should have reset. If the indicator light comes on again, contact the Falex service department.

FALL F400	Alarm Log	i ?
1.1		
Index	Alarm Log	2
1		
2		
3		
4		- C.
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6		
1		
,		
10		-
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100000		
		A STATE



Listing of most current alarms

8.4 Alarm and Warning Messages

() Comments	Abort after 1 second. Possible Cause: Cooling System failure, Thermocouple not installed properly.	Abort after 1 second. Possible Cause: Thermocouple failure, Thermocouple not connected.	Checked at beginning of test. Possible Cause: filter paper, pressure leak.	Temperature must be ' <i>outside</i> ' of limits. Abort after 3 seconds. <i>Possible Cause: Thermocouple</i> <i>failure, Thermocouple not</i> <i>connected</i> .	Abort after 5 second. Possible Cause: Thermocouple failure, Thermocouple not connected.	Abort after 1 second. Possible Cause: Excessive deposit on heater tube, Heater tube thermocouple failure.	Checked at beginning of test after pressure achieved. Possible Cause: Thermocouple not installed properly. Thermocouple not in heater
Alarm Message (HMI	Cooling System Failure	Bus Bar Thermocouple Failure	Fail to Reach System Pressure in 3 min	Heater Tube Temperature Out of Range	Heater Tube Thermocouple Lo Failure	Heater Tube Thermocouple Hi Failure	Heater Tube Failed to Rise 5°C in 15 s
Hi Limit	80°C		3.1 Mpa	≥ 2.5°C from set point		425°C	
Lo Limit		(-) 100°C		≤ 2.5°C from set point	(-) 100°C		
Condition		Test Active	3 min after test start	Test Active	Test Active		5°C Rise in 15 seconds after Pressure achieved
Abort	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Alarm							
Description	Bus Bar 'High' Temperature	Bus Bar Temperature Thermocouple Failure	Failure to Reach Pressure	Heater Tube Temperature Deviation	Heater Tube Temperature Thermoucouple Failure	Heater Tube 'High' Temperature	Heater Tube Temperature Fail to Rise

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Description	Alarm	Abort	Condition	Lo Limit	Hi Limit	Alarm Message (HMI)	Comments
ater Tube Failed Reach mperature		×	300 sec after Pressure achieved	< SP -2°C	> SP +2°C	Heater Tube Failed to Reach Temp	Checked at beginning of test after pressure achieved. Temperature must be within range within allotted time, otherwise test aborts. Possible Cause: Thermocouple not installed properly, heater failure.
h Humidity		×	Aeration time > 60 seconds		21%	High Humidity	Checked after 60 seconds of aeration. Humidity must be at high level for 1 second. <i>Possible</i> <i>Cause: Air pump failure,</i> <i>Humidity sensor failure.</i>
erator Abort		×				Operator Initiated Abort	Initiated from touchscreen to stop any running devices or active test. <i>Possible Cause:</i> <i>Opertor hit abort button on</i> display.
np mmunication lure		×				Pump Serial Comm Failure	Pump communication failure between controller and pump. Possible Cause: Network cable disconnected, Network Hub failure, HPLC Pump powered off, HPLC Pump failure.
nple Fuel mperature Out of nge		×	Aeration Active	≤ 15°C	≥ 32°C	Sample Fuel Temp Out of Range	Checked during aeration. Temperature must be 'outside' of limits for 1 sec. Possible Cause: Thermocouple not installed properly, Thermocouple failure, fuel not at room temperature.

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Description	Alarm	Abort	Condition	Lo Limit	Hi Limit	Alarm Message (HMI)	Comments
Sample Fuel Temperature Thermocouple Failure		×	Test Active	(-) 100°C		Sample Fuel Thermocouple Failure	Abort after 1 second. <i>Possible</i> <i>Cause: Thermocouple failure,</i> <i>Thermocouple not connected.</i>
System 'Low' Pressure		×	Test Active	3.1 Mpa		Low System Pressure	Abort after 1 second. Possible Cause: Pressure Leak, Inlet valve failure.
System 'High' Pressure		×	Test Active		3.8 Mpa	High System Pressure	Abort after 1 second. Possible Cause: Tubing blockage, Pressor Sensor failure.
Bus Bar 'High' Temperature	×				60°C	Bus Bar Temperature > 60°C	Checked after 1 second. Possible Cause: Cooling System failure, Thermocouple not installed properly.
Data Transfer Failure	×		Data Transfer button selected			FTP Comm Open Action Failure	Checked 250m Sec after Data Transfer button selected. Possible Cause: Data file not created, Data directory does not exist, FTP application corrupt.
Safety Cover Missing	×		Test Active	×		Bus Bar Cover Missing	Warning Only. Possible Cause: Cover removed during test, Photo eye failure.

FALEX 400 Thermal Oxidation Tester Parts Listing

Part Number	Description
400-018-003	Pack of insulation bushings (2 pairs/pack)
400-021-006	Bus bar drip pan
400-021-023	Bus bar cover
400-025-002	Charcoal filter (5 per pack)
400-027-003	Metal prefilter screen
400-097-005	Screw Replacement Kit
400-103-009	Heater tube holder assembly
400-105-002	Aeration line assembly
400-105-004	Fuel heater tube holder input line assembly
400-105-005	Fuel heater tube holder output line assembly
400-105-010	Pre-filter assembly
400-105-020	Sample input line assembly
400-105-028	Sample output line assembly
400-108-004	Lead calibration holder with melted lead
400-200-005	DP calibration bottle
400-560-001	Heater tubes with DP filters and O-rings (12 tube assy/box)
620-005-002	O-ring tubing (bag of 25)
620-210-001	O-ring pre-filter (bag of 5)
648-400-003	Funnel, large
648-400-005	Pre-filter filter papers (25 filters/box)
648-400-006	Cleaning brush
648-400-007	Hex wrench
648-400-008	Cleaning pan, stainless steel
648-400-009	Ceramic insulator removal tool
648-400-010	Tweezers
648-400-004	Funnel filter papers (100 filters/box)
648-400-012	Beaker, 1000 ml
650-009-055	Thermocouple - fuel sample
650-009-064	Thermocouple - heater tube
650-030-140	Power cord (120v)
650-030-150	Power cord (220v)
650-049-021B	Pump priming syringe
657-400-001	Desiccant cartridge
698-400-006	Lead Samples (bag of 10)

datalog.dat Falex Jet Fuel Thermal Oxidation Report 03/25/2011 Test Date : Test Time : 12:23:23 PM Test Type : Data File Name : Single Data72.csv Lab Name : 123456789012345 Machine Number : 400-1205 Tube ID : Fuel Type : Fuel ID : 123456789012345 123456789012345 123456789012345 Operator : 123456789012345 Termination Mode : normal Temperature Setpoint (C) : Flow Rate (ml/min) : 260.0 3 6 Aeration Duration (min) : Tube Rating : <3ap Scheduled Run Time (min) : 30 Actual Run Time (min) : 30 Pumped Fuel Volume Calculated (ml) : 90 Pumped Fuel Volume Actual (ml) : 0 12/15/10 12/17/10 Thermocouple Calibration Date : System Pressure Calibration Date : DP Calibration Date : 12/16/10 Sample Temperature 00:10 (C) : 0.0 Sample Temperature 05:50 (C) : 0.0 DP Average (mmHg) : 0.0 DP Max (mmHg) : 0.0 Time to 25 mmHg : 0 min DP (mmHg) 30 min DP (mmHg) 60 min DP (mmHg) 90 min DP (mmHg) 0.00 : 0.0 120 min DP (mmHg) 150 min DP (mmHg) 180 min DP (mmHg) 100 min DP (mmHg)210 min DP (mmHg)240 min DP (mmHg)270 min DP (mmHg)300 min DP (mmHg)330 min DP (mmHg)360 min DP (mmHg) :

: 1

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